

Lead.—Although lead production in British Columbia, the principal producing province, was slightly lower in 1952 than in 1951, substantial advances in other areas brought about an over-all increase of 4 p.c. The total production, which includes refined lead and recoverable lead in ores and concentrates exported, was 164,879 tons in 1952 as compared with 158,231 tons in 1951. Newfoundland showed an increase of 12 p.c. to 18,348 tons, Quebec an increase of 34 p.c. to 10,401 tons and Yukon Territory an advance of 45 p.c. to 9,123 tons. Nova Scotia had a production of 871 tons in 1952, the first since 1939.

The Canadian price for refined lead was 19.50 cents per lb. in January 1952, dropping to 15.98 in May, 14.08 in October and 13.50 in December. Because of these recessions, the value of output, amounting to \$53,300,000, was about 8 p.c. below the 1951 total.

Exports of refined lead increased to 130,000 tons in 1952 from 106,000 tons in 1951. Shipments to the United States rose to 100,000 tons from 60,000 tons in 1951 while sales to the United Kingdom dropped to 27,000 tons from 35,000 tons.

## 10.—Quantity and Value of Lead Produced from Canadian Ores, 1943-52

Note.—Figures for 1887-1910, inclusive, will be found in the 1929 Year Book, p. 367; for 1911-28 in the 1939 edition, p. 341; and for 1929-42 in the 1946 edition, p. 333.

Year	Quantity	Value	Year	Quantity	Value
	tons	\$		tons	\$
1943	222,030 152,291 173,497 176,987 161,668	16,670,041 13,706,199 17,349,723 23,893,230 44,200,124	1948 1949 1950 1951 1952>	167, 251 159, 775 165, 697 158, 231 164, 879	60,344,146 50,488,879 47,886,452 58,229,146 53,321,978